Packet Tracer - Connect a Wired and Wireless LAN

# Addressing Table

| Device | Interface | IP Address | Connects To |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Cloud | Eth6 | N/A | F0/0 |
| Cloud | Coax7 | N/A | Port0 |
| Cable Modem | Port0 | N/A | Coax7 |
| Cable Modem | Port1 | N/A | Internet |
| Router0 | Console | N/A | RS232 |
| Router0 | F0/0 | 192.168.2.1/24 | Eth6 |
| Router0 | F0/1 | 10.0.0.1/24 | F0 |
| Router0 | Ser0/0/0 | 172.31.0.1/24 | Ser0/0 |
| Router1 | Ser0/0 | 172.31.0.2/24 | Ser0/0/0 |
| Router1 | F1/0 | 172.16.0.1/24 | F0/1 |
| WirelessRouter | Internet | 192.168.2.2/24 | Port 1 |
| WirelessRouter | Eth1 | 192.168.1.1 | F0 |
| Family PC | F0 | 192.168.1.102 | Eth1 |
| Switch | F0/1 | 172.16.0.2 | F1/0 |
| Netacad.pka | F0 | 10.0.0.254 | F0/1 |
| Configuration Terminal | RS232 | N/A | Console |

# Objectives

Part 1: Connect to the Cloud

Part 2: Connect Router0

Part 3: Connect Remaining Devices

Part 4: Verify Connections

Part 5: Examine the Physical Topology

# Background

When working in Packet Tracer (a lab environment or a corporate setting), you should know how to select the appropriate cable and how to properly connect devices. This activity will examine device configurations in Packet Tracer, selecting the proper cable based on the configuration, and connecting the devices. This activity will also explore the physical view of the network in Packet Tracer.

# Instructions

## Connect to the Cloud

### Connect the cloud to Router0.

* + 1. At the bottom left, click the orange lightning icon to open the available **Connections**.
    2. Choose the correct cable to connect **Router0 F0/0** to **Cloud Eth6**. **Cloud** is a type of switch, so use a **Copper Straight-Through** connection. If you attached the correct cable, the link lights on the cable turn green.

### Connect the cloud to Cable Modem.

Choose the correct cable to connect **Cloud Coax7** to **Modem Port0**.

If you attached the correct cable, the link lights on the cable turn green.

Answer: Use the Coaxial (dark blue) cable.

## Connect Router0

### Connect Router0 to Router1.

Choose the correct cable to connect **Router0 Ser0/0/0** to **Router1 Ser0/0**. Use one of the available **Serial** cables.

If you attached the correct cable, the link lights on the cable turn green.

Answer: Can use either Serial DCE or DTE (red) cable.

### Connect Router0 to netacad.pka.

Choose the correct cable to connect **Router0 F0/1** to **netacad.pka F0**. Routers and computers traditionally use the same wires to transmit (1 and 2) and receive (3 and 6). The correct cable to choose consists of these crossed wires. Although many NICs can now autosense which pair is used to transmit and receive, **Router0** and **netacad.pka** do not have autosensing NICs.

If you attached the correct cable, the link lights on the cable turn green.

Answer: Use Copper Cross-Over. (black three-dashed) cable

### Connect Router0 to the Configuration Terminal.

Choose the correct cable to connect **Router0** **Console** to **Configuration Terminal RS232**. This cable does not provide network access to **Configuration Terminal**, but allows you to configure **Router0** through its terminal.

If you attached the correct cable, the link lights on the cable turn black.

Answer: Use Console (light blue) cable.

## Connect Remaining Devices

### Connect Router1 to Switch.

Choose the correct cable to connect **Router1 F1/0** to **Switch F0/1**.

If you attached the correct cable, the link lights on the cable turn green. Allow a few seconds for the light to transition from amber to green.

Answer: Use Fiber (yellow-ish) cable.

### Connect Cable Modem to Wireless Router.

Choose the correct cable to connect **Cable Modem** **Port1** to **Wireless Router** **Internet** port.

If you attached the correct cable, the link lights on the cable will turn green.

Answer: Use Cable Straight-Through (straight black) cable.

### Connect Wireless Router to Family PC.

Choose the correct cable to connect **Wireless Router Ethernet 1** to **Family PC**.

If you attached the correct cable, the link lights on the cable turn green.

Answer: Use Cable Straight-Through (straight black) cable. Initially there’s an amber light on Family PC, wait till it turns green.

## Verify Connections

### Test the connection from Family PC to netacad.pka.

* + 1. Open the **Family PC** command prompt and ping **netacad.pka**.
       1. Ping 10.0.0.254
    2. Open the **Web Browser** and the web address [**http://netacad.pka**](http://netacad.pka).
       1. Site should load after pinging

### Ping the Switch from Home PC.

Open the **Home PC** command prompt and ping the **Switch** IP address of to verify the connection.

Answer: ping 172.16.0.2

### Open Router0 from Configuration Terminal.

* + 1. Open the **Terminal** of **Configuration Terminal** and accept the default settings.
    2. Press **Enter** to view the **Router0** command prompt.
    3. Type **show ip interface brief** to view interface statuses.
       1. Shows connections/ip addresses router0 is connected to.

## Examine the Physical Topology

### Examine the Cloud.

* + 1. Click the **Physical Workspace** tab or press **Shift**+**P** and **Shift**+**L** to toggle between the logical and physical workspaces.
    2. Click the **Home City** icon.
    3. Click the **Cloud** icon.

#### Question:

How many wires are connected to the switch in the blue rack?

Answer: 2 cables, ethernet to router0 and coaxial to cable modem.

* + 1. Click **Back** to return to **Home City**.

### Examine the Primary Network.

* + 1. Click the **Primary Network** icon. Hold the mouse pointer over the various cables.

#### Question:

What is located on the table to the right of the blue rack?

Answer: the configuration terminal, connected to router0.

* + 1. Click **Back** to return to **Home City**.

### Examine the Secondary Network.

* + 1. Click the **Secondary Network** icon. Hold the mouse pointer over the various cables.

#### Question:

Why are there two orange cables connected to each device?

Answer: Assuming it’s a one-way Fiber cable, it’s how router1 and switch communicates.

* + 1. Click **Back** to return to **Home City**.

### Examine the Home Network.

* + 1. Click the **Home Network** icon.

#### Question:

Why is there no rack to hold the equipment?

Answer: It’s a HOME network who has a rack at home bozo. No rack is required when all the devices are connected to the router which’ll do the connections to other network devices.

* + 1. Click the **Logical Workspace** tab to return to the logical topology.

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